1960年代以降、がんの死亡率（粗死亡率）は男女とも増加し続けている。
男性では、肺がん、肝臓がん、大腸がんの割合が増加し、胃がんの割合が減少。
女性では、肺がん、大腸がん、乳がんの割合が増加し、胃がんの割合が減少。

Crude mortality rate of cancer has been continuously increasing for both males and females since 1960's.
In terms of site distribution, the proportion of lung, liver, and colon/rectum increased for males, and the proportion of lung, colon/rectum, and breast increased for females. Stomach cancer mortality rate, which accounted for approximately 50% and 40% of all-cancer mortality rate for males and females, respectively, continuously decreased to 15% for both sexes in 2007.

資料：国立がん研究センターがん対策情報センター（http://ganjoho.ncc.go.jp/professional/statistics/statistics.html）
Source: Center for Cancer Control and Information Services, National Cancer Center, Japan (http://ganjoho.ncc.go.jp/professional/statistics/statistics.html)