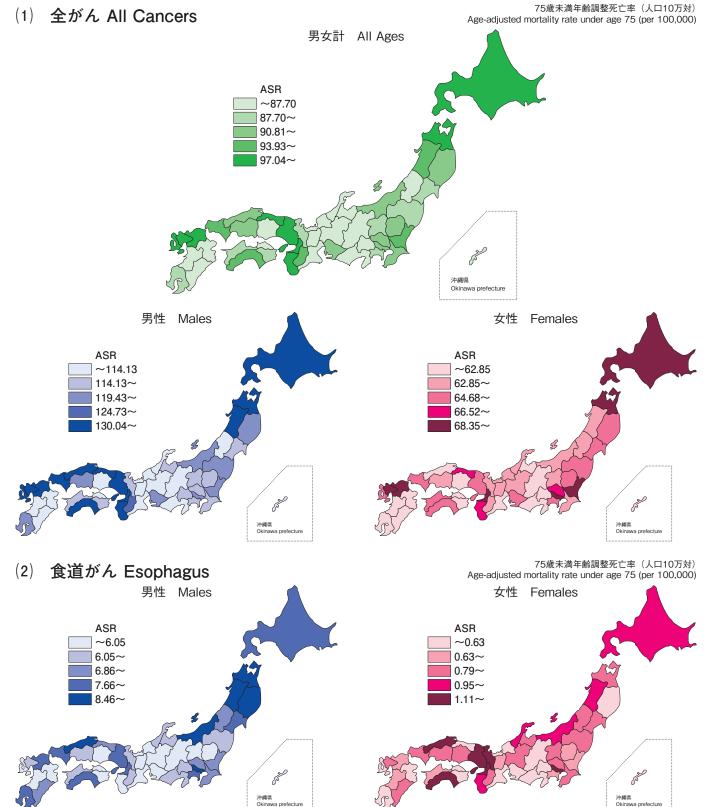
19

都道府県別75歳未満がん年齢調整死亡率 (2005年)

Age-adjusted Cancer Mortality Rate under Age 75 by Prefectures (2005)



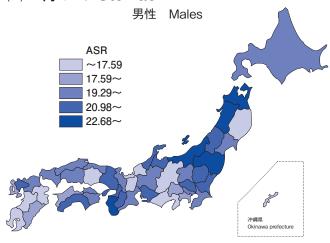
75歳未満の年齢調整死亡率(2005年)で比較した場合、 全がん死亡率が**低い**上位5県は、

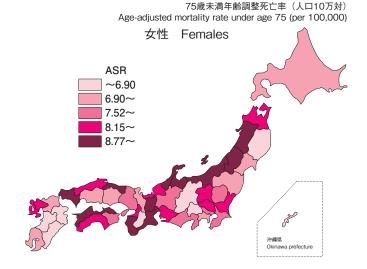
男女計 長野県、岡山県、熊本県、大分県、香川県 男性 長野県、福井県、熊本県、山形県、沖縄県 女性 岡山県、長野県、山梨県、大分県、富山県 The five prefectures with **lowest** age-adjusted cancer mortality rate under age 75 in 2005 were as follows.

Both sexes Nagano, Okayama, Kumamoto, Oita, and Kagawa Male Nagano, Fukui, Kumamoto, Yamagata, and Okinawa

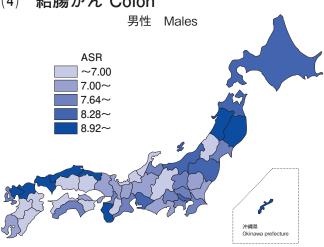
Female Okayama, Nagano, Yamanashi, Oita, and Toyama

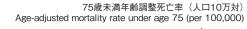
(3) 胃がん Stomach

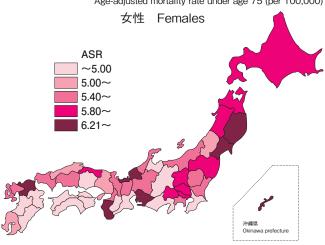




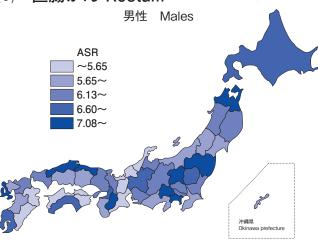
結腸がん Colon



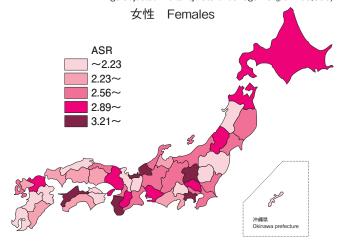




(5)直腸がん Rectum



75歳未満年齢調整死亡率(人口10万対) Age-adjusted mortality rate under age 75 (per 100,000)



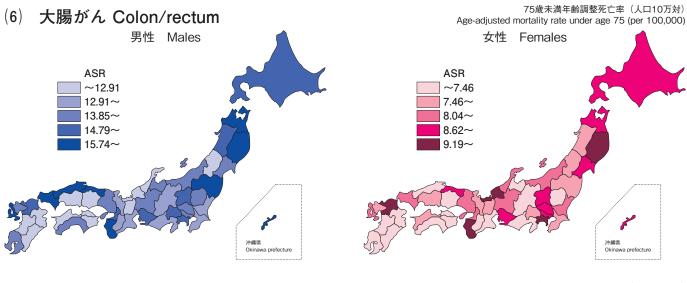
がん死亡率が高い上位5県は、

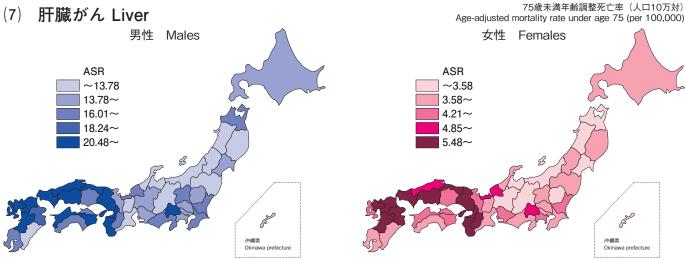
青森県、佐賀県、大阪府、福岡県、和歌山県 男性 青森県、佐賀県、福岡県、長崎県、大阪府 女性 大阪府、佐賀県、福岡県、北海道、東京都 である。全がん死亡率が高いこれらの都道府県は、主要5 部位(胃、大腸、肝臓、肺、乳房)の死亡率も高い傾向が ある。

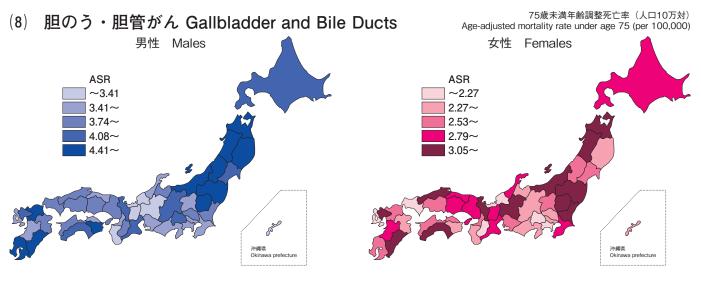
The five prefectures with highest age-adjusted cancer mortality rate under age 75 in 2005 were as follows.

Both sexes Aomori, Saga, Osaka, Fukuoka, and Wakayama Male Aomori, Saga, Fukuoka, Nagasaki, and Osaka Female Osaka, Saga, Fukuoka, Hokkaido, and Tokyo

Those five prefectures with high all-cancer mortality rate also tended to show high mortality rates for major five cancer sites (stomach, colon/rectum, liver, lung, and breast)







部位別で死亡率の地域差が明らかな部位は、

[**胃がん**] 男女とも東北地方の日本海側と北陸地方で死亡率が高い。

[肝臓がん] 男女とも西日本で死亡率が高い。これは、西日本でC型肝炎ウィルスの感染者割合が高いことに関連している。

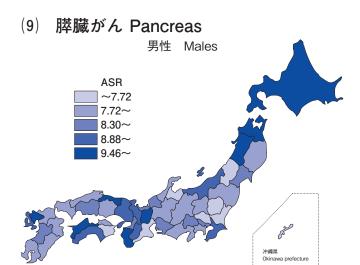
[**胆のう・胆管がん**] 男性では東北地方および北海道で死亡率が高い。

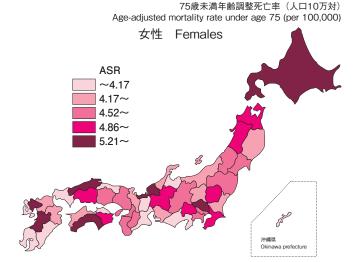
Geographic patterns of site-specific cancer mortality were as follows.

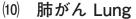
[Stomach] Higher mortality rate for both sexes was seen in the Western part of Tohoku district and the Hokuriku district. **[Liver]** Higher mortality rate for both sexes was seen in Western Japan. This is associated with higher prevalence of hepatitis

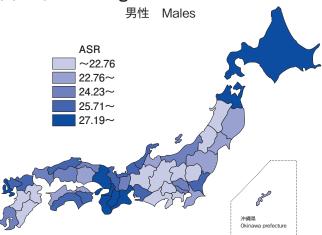
[Gallbladder and bile ducts] Higher mortality rate for males was seen in the Northern part of Japan.

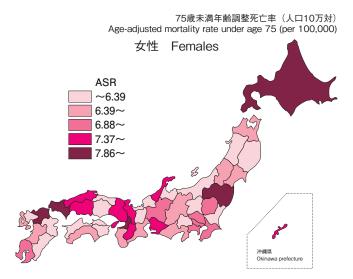
C virus infection in Western Japan.



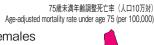


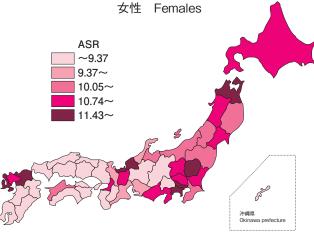






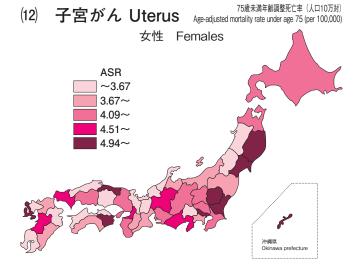
乳がん Breast





男性は近畿地方で死亡率が高い。

[乳がん(女性)] 北九州、東日本で死亡率が高く、中国・

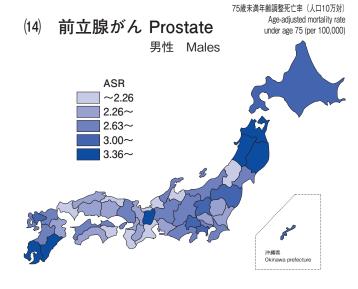


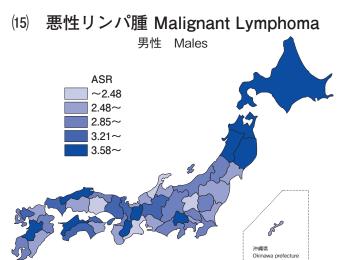
[Lung] Higher mortality rate for males was seen in the Kinki

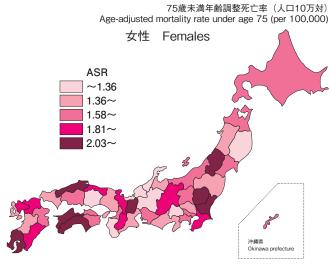
[Breast (female)] Higher mortality rate was seen in the Northern part of Kyushu island and Eastern Japan, while lower mortality rate was seen in the Chugoku and Shikoku districts.

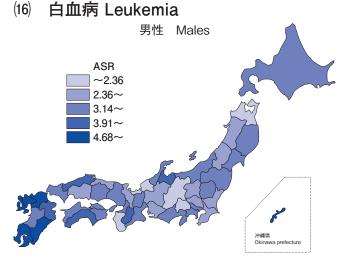
四国地方で低い。

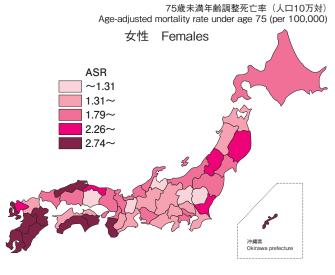
75歳未海年齢調整死亡率 (人口10万対) Age-adjusted mortality rate under age 75 (per 100,000) 女性 Females ASR -3.16 3.16 3.57 3.98 4.39 4.39











[前立腺がん] 東北地方北部で死亡率が高い。 [白血病] 男女とも九州・沖縄地方で死亡率が高い。これは、九州・沖縄地方で成人T細胞白血病ウィルス I 型(HTLV-I) の感染者割合が高いことと関連している。

[**Prostate**] Higher mortality rate was seen in the Northern part of the Tohoku district.

[Leukemia] Higher mortality rate for both sexes was seen in the Kyushu and Okinawa islands. This is associated with higher prevalence of human T-cell leukaemia virus type I infection in those regions.